

Supporting Mobility via Context in the MobilityFirst Architecture

Marco Gruteser WINLAB, Rutgers University

Why Context-Aware Networking?

"The Revenge of Geography"

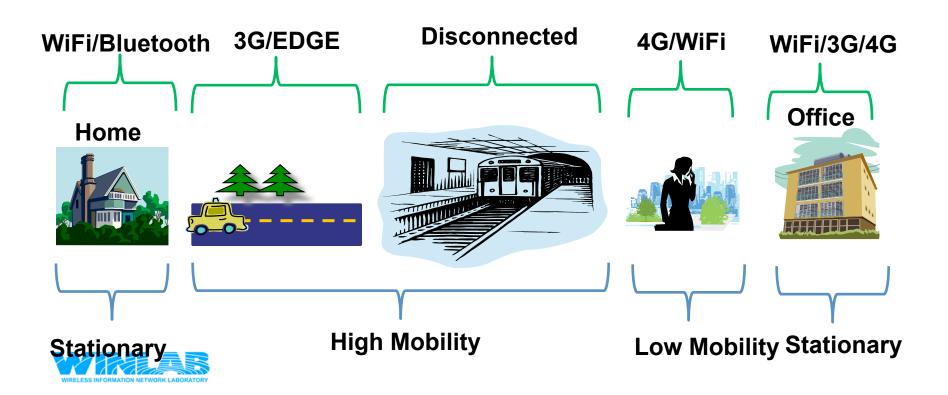


- Social Networking
 - Location Sharing
- Point-of-Interest Queries
 - Finding nearby hotels, gas stations; travel guides, local entertainment
- Reverse 911
 - Emergency notifications to geographic area
- Fleet management
 - Tracking fleet of company vehicles
 - Determining legal restrictions
- Navigation
 - Traffic-aware travel time optimization
 - Improved information for traffic engineering

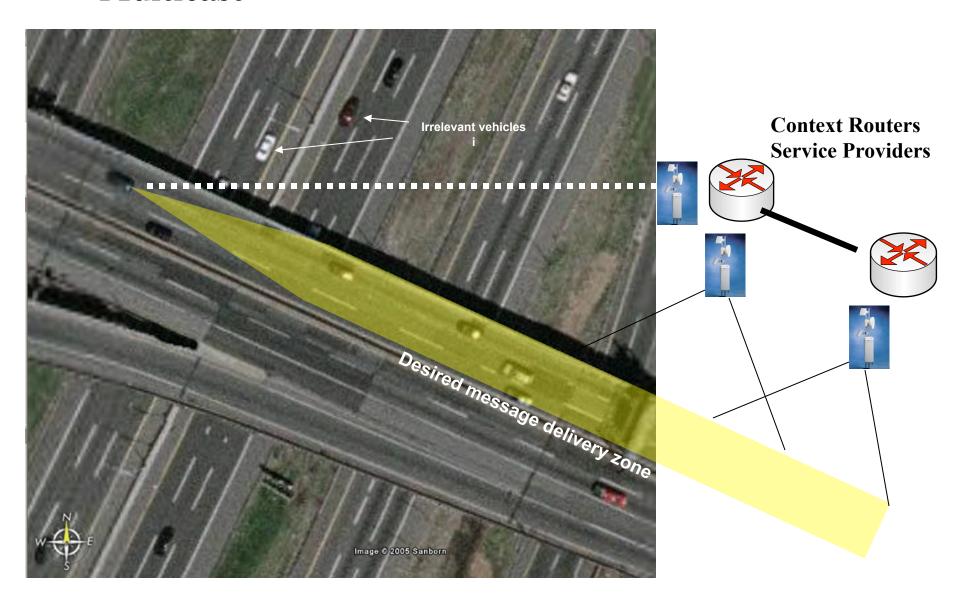


Adapting Content Downloads: Context-constraints

Example: The phone should resume download when arriving in office.

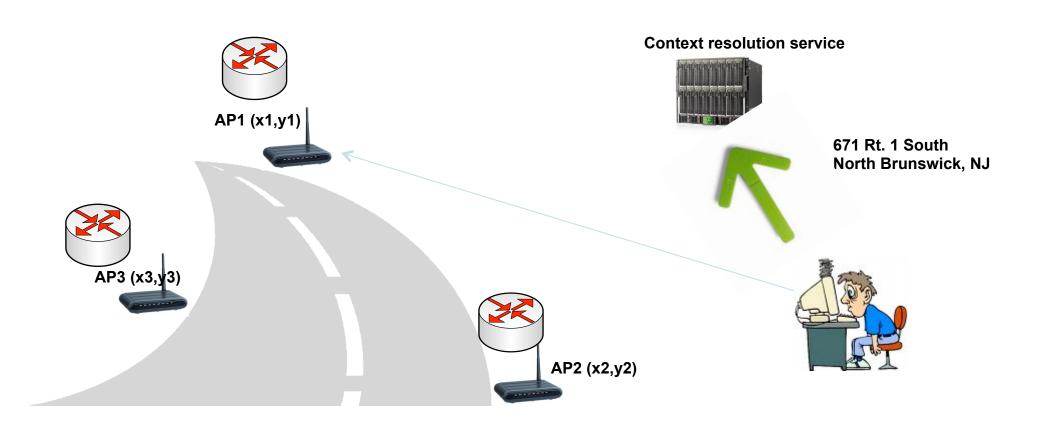


Automotive Safety Applications: Context-based Multicast

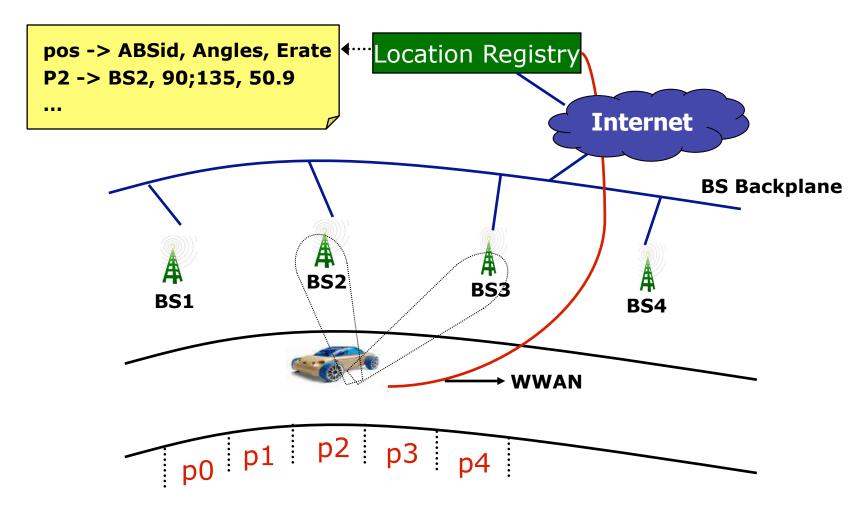


"Real-time Streetview": Context-based anycast

 Queries are directed to AP/Router at corresponding location



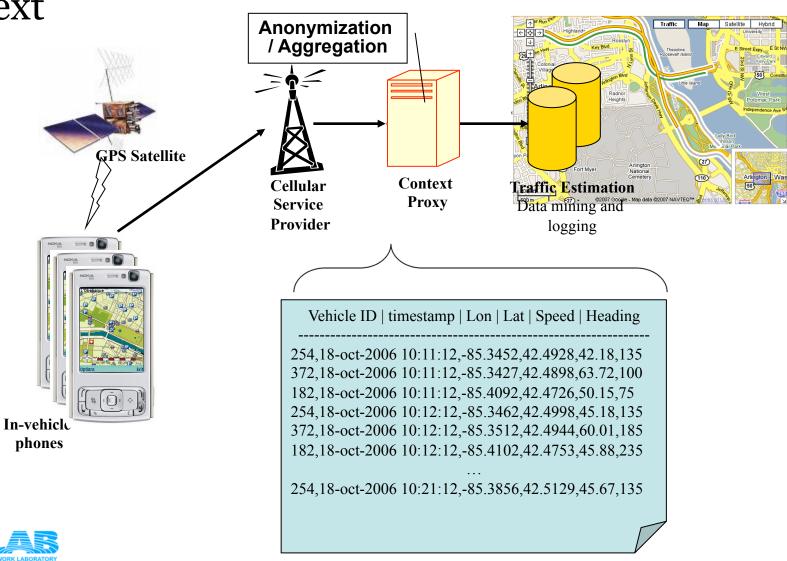
Beamsteering: Querying Network Context





Traffic Monitoring: Querying Aggregate



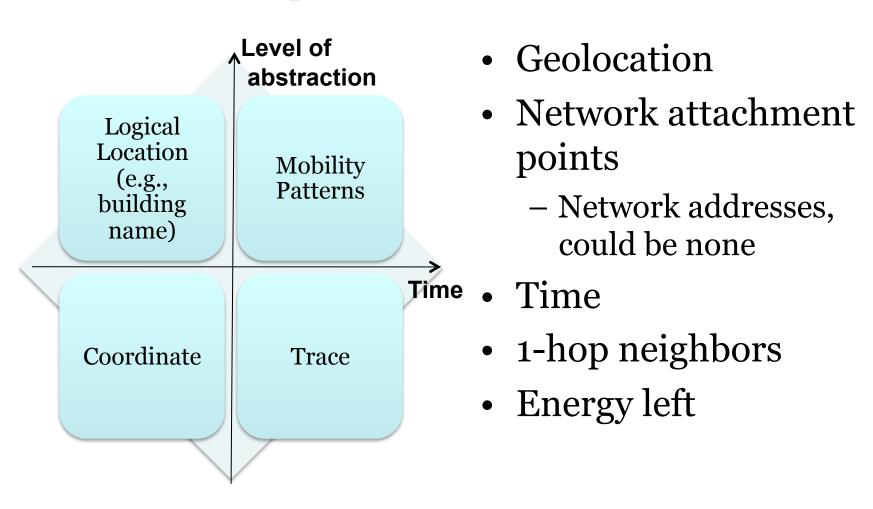


Context as a First-class Object

- Context-constraints
 - send(guid, constraint)
 - get(guid, constraint)
- Context-Addressing
 - multicast-send(context, data)
 - anycast-send(context, data/query)
- Context-Queries
 - getcontext-localdevice(attribute)
 - getcontext-device(guid) // subject to permission
 - getcontext-network(network descriptor)



Context Descriptor





Approach

- Naming service maps context to network addr or device IDs
 - Routing largely based on addr and GUID
 - Computation layer allows some in-network context operations
- Focus on lower-level context
- Allow higher-level services to be built using the lower layer primitives





Thank you