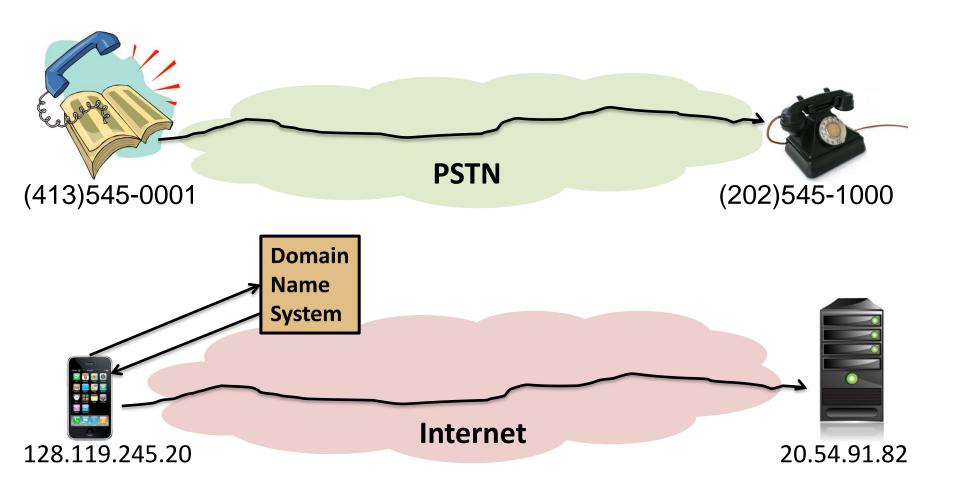
MobilityFirst: Architectural insights and (some) NP research themes

Arun Venkataramani

University of Massachusetts Amherst FIA PI meeting, Arlington, VA May 2014

Internet is location-dependent

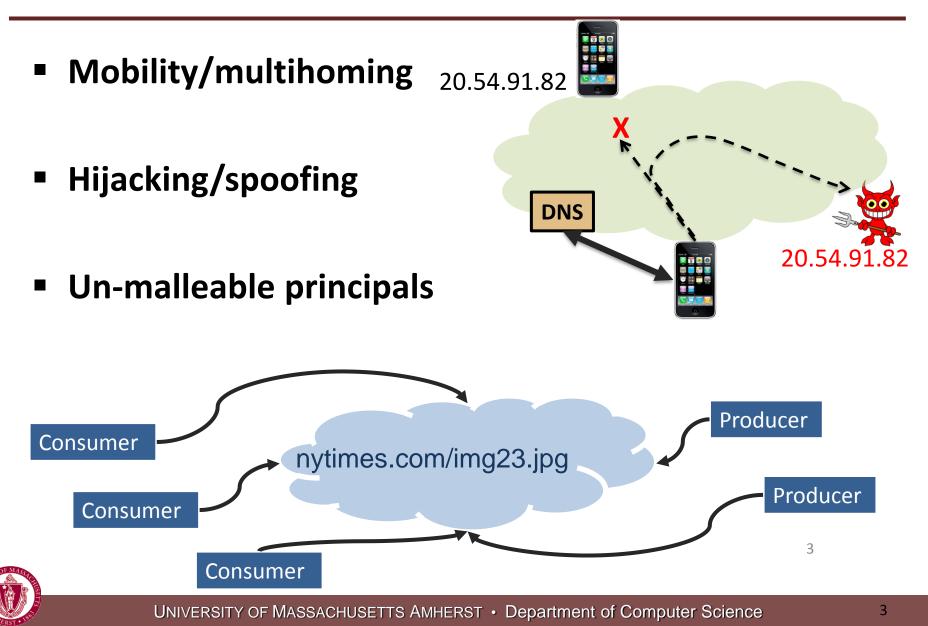




Location is the identity from the network's perspective

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Location-identity conflation problem



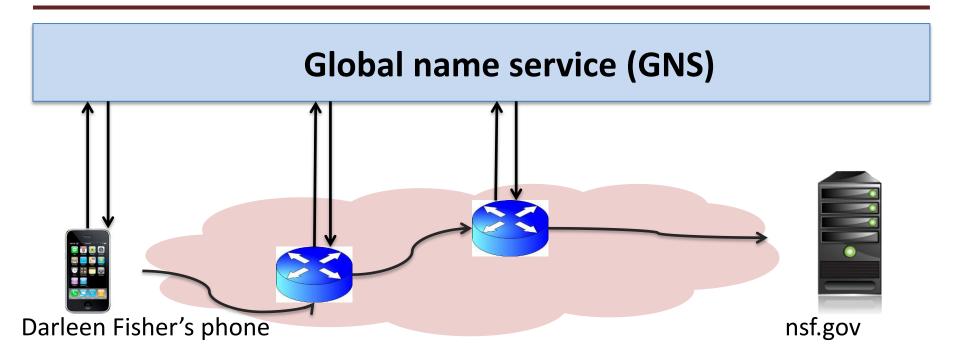
Goal: Secure Location-independence

- connect(service_name)
- get(content_name)
- message(group_name)

- Communication with fixed names
- Easily verifiable identities



Key architectural insight



A logically centralized global name service dramatically enhances mobility, security, and network-layer functionality

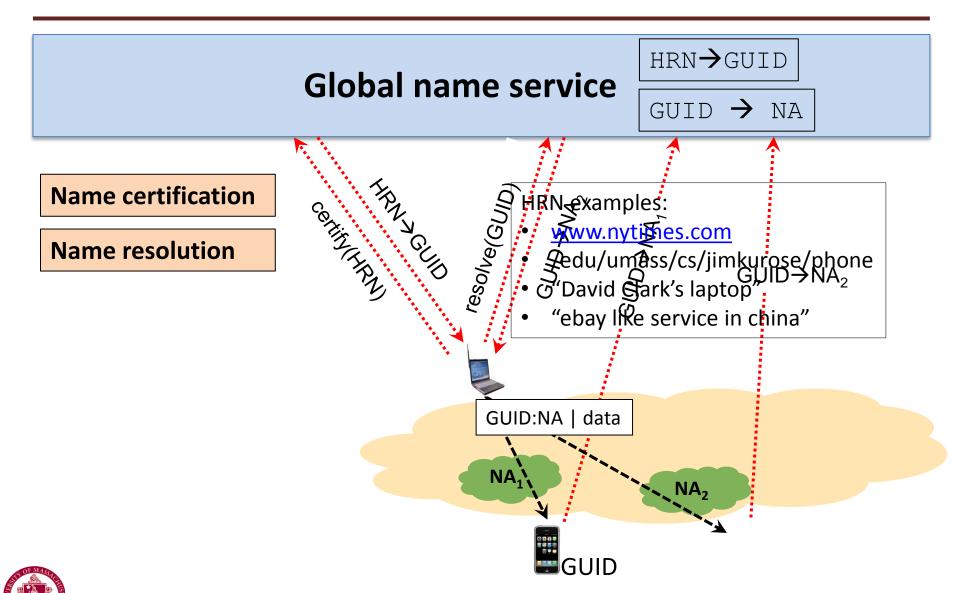


Benefits of GNS-centric approach

- Mobility
- Decentralized trust
- Context-aware
- Cloud-ready



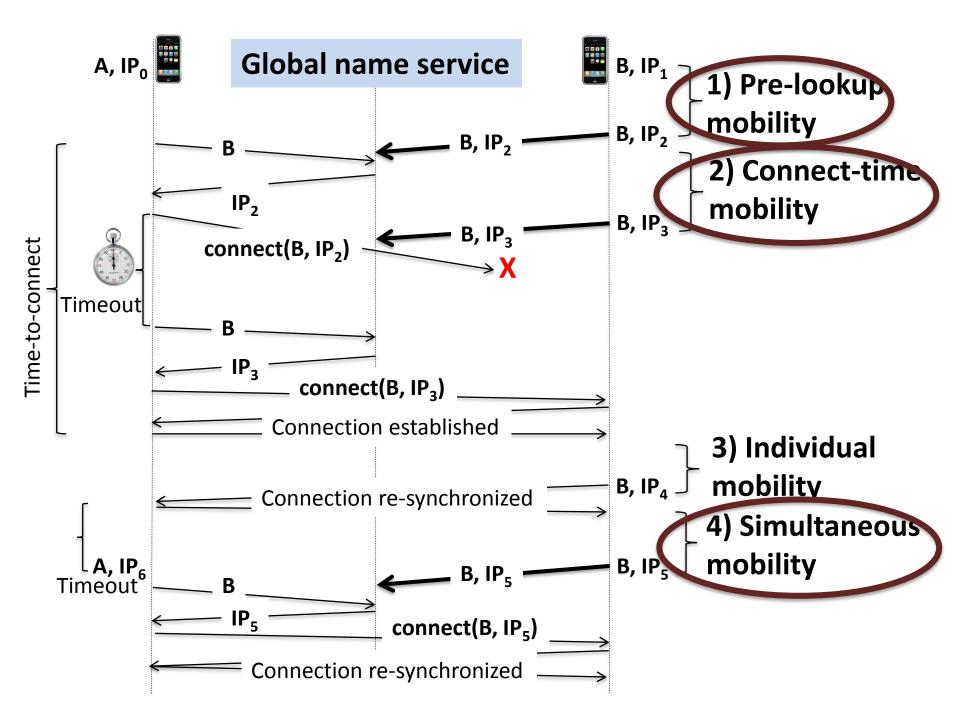
GNS: Basic mobility





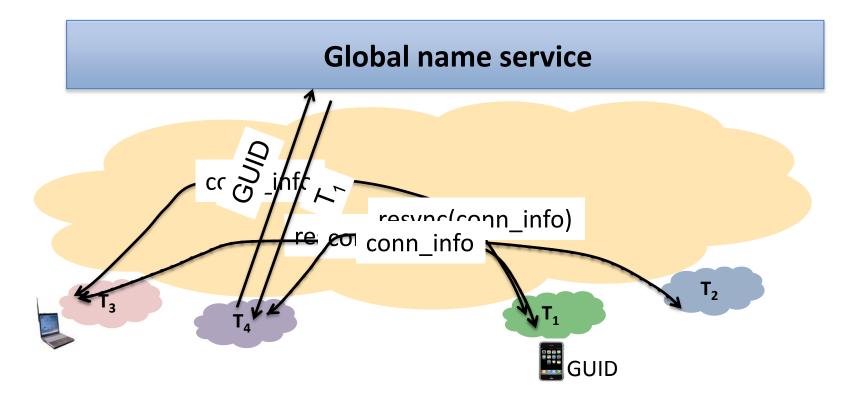
GNS: Complete E2E mobility solution





Mid-connection mobility

- Individual : Bilateral end-to-end (no GNS)
- Simultaneous: Relying on GNS





GNS: Complete E2E mobility solution

- A global name service offers the best combination of tradeoffs as a complete mobility solution [Auspice]
 - Constant update overhead per mobility event
 - Low connection establishment overhead
 - No additional data path inflation
 - Small (aggregateable) forwarding tables

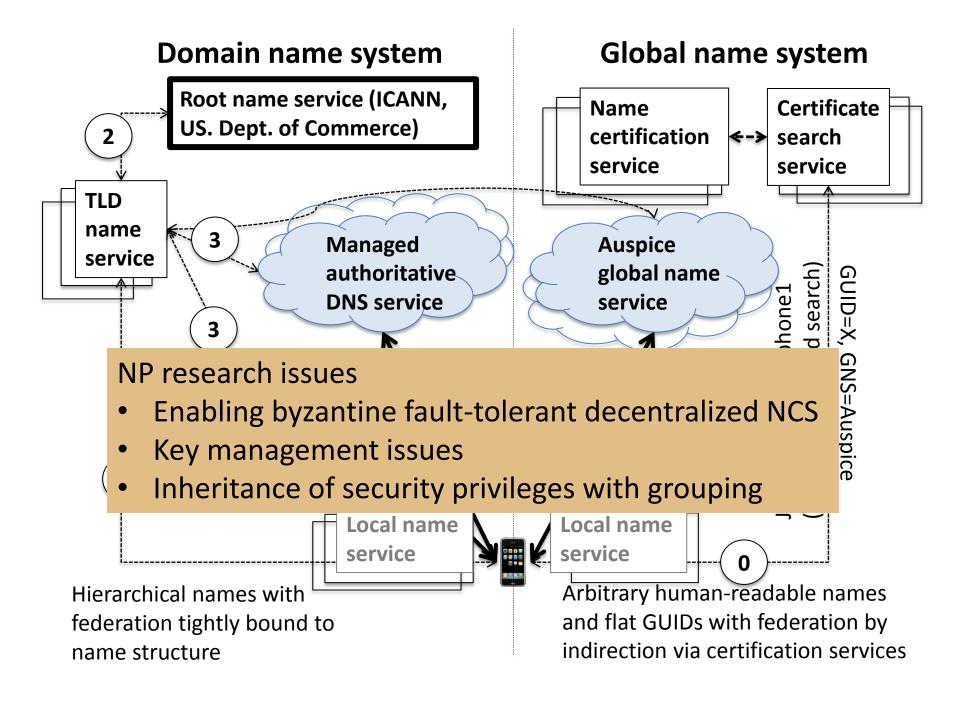


[Auspice] A Global Name Service for a Highly Mobile Internet, ACM Sigcomm 2014

Benefits of GNS-centric approach

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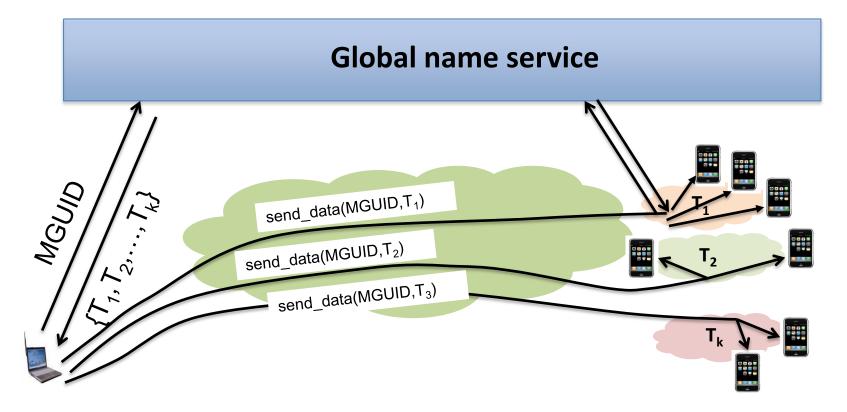
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Indirection + grouping: Multicast

- MGUID \rightarrow {T₁, T₂, ..., T_k} (terminal networks)
- MGUID \rightarrow {members(MGUID) | T_i} (late binding)





Attribute-based groups: Context-awareness

- At source: CAID \rightarrow {T₁, T₂, ..., T_k} // get terminal networks
- At terminal n/w: CAID \rightarrow {members(CAID) | T_i} // late binding

 $GUID_{i} \rightarrow [T_{i}, \{\text{``type''} \rightarrow \text{''yellowcab''}, \text{``geo''} \rightarrow \text{''Times Sq.''}\}]$ $GUID_{i} \rightarrow CAID$ Global name service $CAID \rightarrow members(CAID) \rightarrow \{T_{1}, T_{2}, ..., T_{k}\}$

NP research and field trial issues

- Scaling context-aware communication to fine-grained groups
- Refining programming API
- Demonstrating *targeted geocast* under hazardous weather (CASA radar testbed in Dallas-Fortworth)



Massively distributed cloud services

NP research questions:

- Expanding base station services with massive distribution
- Automating placement of blackbox services
- Tighter integration with network fabric
- Incentive and deployment issues related to Compute Layer



GNS enables geo-elastic services that "move with the users"

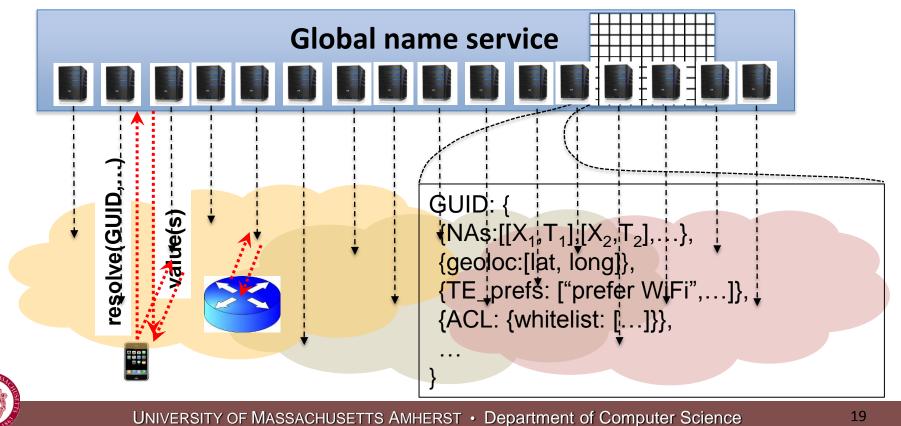


PROTOTYPING



GNS: Massively geo-distributed key-value store

- Indirection: $GUID_1 \rightarrow GUID_2$
- **Grouping**: GUID $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ {GUID₁, GUID₂, ..., GUID_k}
- Attribute lookups: SELECT GUID with attr=value
- Active names with programmable user code

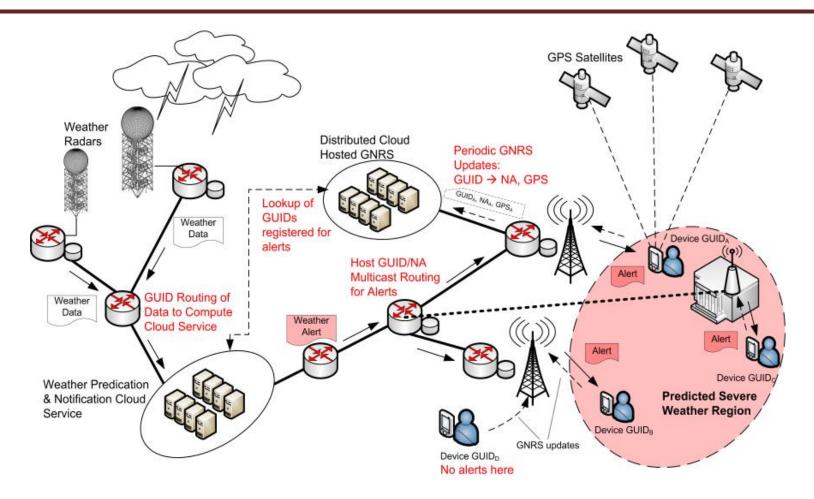


msocket: GNS endpoint socket API

- Mobility: all four types
- Multihomed multipath: cellular/WiFi multiplexing
- Middlebox-agnostic: bidirectional comm. initiation
- Context-awareness: msocket.bind([lat,long], radius)



NE Trials: CASA Emergency Network



NE3: Context-Aware Emergency Notification System (CASA)



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Summary

- Key architectural insight: A logically centralized global name service dramatically enhances mobility, security, and network-layer functionality
 - Location-independence
 - Decentralized trust
 - Context-aware communication
 - Smart geo-elastic cloud services
 - Evolvability (active resolution, compute layer)
 - Byzantine fault-tolerance, DDoS tolerance
 - Simplified management
 - Content-awareness

http://mobilityfirst.cs.umass.edu



Backup

